The Caledonian Mercury. No. 10,250.

Price 3d.] EDINBURGH, MONDAY, MAY 21. 1787.

THEATRE-ROYAL.

LAST NIGHT BUT ONE.

On WEDNESDAY Evening, May 23. 1787,

WILL BE PRESENTED,

A COMEDY, called, The

BUSY BODY.

Marplot, Mr LEE-LEWES,

Being his third Appearance.

Sir George Airy, Mr ILIFF;
Charles, Mr BELL;
Sir Jealous Traffick, Mr CHARTERIS;
Whisper, Mr YATES;
And Sir Francis Gripe, Mr WILSON.
Patch, Mrs VILLARS;
Isabinda, Mrs WOODS;
Scentwell, Mrs J. BLAND;
And Miranda, Mrs SPARKS.

To which will be added,

A Farce, *(not acted here these five years)* called, The

LYAR.

Young Wilding, *(the Lyar)* Mr LEE-LEWES;
Old Wilding, Mr W. WELLS;
Sir James Elliot, Mr HALLION;
And Papillion, Mr LA-MASH.
Miss Godfrey, Mrs WOODS;
Kitty, Mrs CHARTERIS;
And Miss Grantham, Mrs J. BLAND.

Tickets to be had, and places for the Boxes of Mr GIBB at the Theatre.

Mr LE-LEWES was received on Saturday night in the part of *Sir John Falstaff*, with the greatest marks of approbation.—He will make his third appearance on Wednesday in the parts of *Marplot* and the *Lyar*; and on Thursday will perform two favourite characters in the Play and Farce—After which, the Theatre will close for some time.

Assembly, Tap, Punch, & Fruit House,

DIRECTLY opposite to the west coach-entry of the Assembly Rooms, Rose-Street, by BOYD AND COMPANY.

N. B. Felix Calvert's, Whitebread's, and Wiggins's ENTIRE BUTT BEER, sold in tankards and pints, both in doors and out, as in London. To prevent mistakes, the pots in which the Porter is sold out of the house, to be called for, if not returned within one hour after delivery.

Dinners dressed on the shortest notice.

Wines, Fruits, &c.——Oysters in their season.

Liquors neat as imported, Wholesale and Retail.

CARRON AND IRONMONGERY WAREHOUSE.

William Braidwood, south side of the Grassmarket, Edinburgh, begs leave to acquaint his friends and the public, That he has on hand a a very large assortment of the following articles, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, viz.

Carron grates of the newest patterns, register stoves, pedestal, laundry, and heater stoves, perpetual ovens, boiling tables, stewing stoves, light annealled pots, goblets, stew pans, and tea kettles, of every size, water boilers, with brass cocks, smoothing irons, and a great variety of other cast iron articles.

Tongs, pokers, and shovels, of all sorts, dye cut, plain, and ribbed fenders, brass and steel grates, jacks, coal backets, fire pans, bellows, frying pans, grid irons, tinned iron spoons, and other kitchen utensils.

Locks and hinges for outer doors, room doors, closets, presses, chests, &c. desk, drawer, and clockcase mounting, coffin furniture, files, joiners tools, wood screws, nails, and all other hardware articles necessary for joiners, cabinet-makers, smiths, and builders, particularly a fine assortment of the best Scots made brass and iron rim locks, and strong press locks, below the smiths prices; also English cast lath nails, of the finest quality, at half the expence of those made of wrought iron.

Rolled iron of all sizes, ditto for covering corn kilns, brass and iron wire in hanks, or smaller quantities, bar iron, hoops, fender plate, spades, shovels, &c. &c.

N. B. Tradesmen and dealers who purchase goods at the above warehouse will meet with every encouragement.

A Mare Stolen or Strayed,

ON the night betwixt Saturday the 19th and Sunday the 20th of May current, from an inclosure at Gardener's Hall, near Edinburgh, a BAY MARE, about 15 hands high, stout made, black mane and tail, with a small white scratch on the face.

Any person who can give information, or bring back the mare to Gardener's Hall, will be rewarded by the owner, and all expences paid.

Roup of Furniture.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Wednesday the 23d instant, in Prince's-street, next door to Montgomery and Steel,

All sorts of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of mounted beds, (a large elegant sofa, handsomely finished, with copperplate curtains, when used for a bed) feather beds, blankets, carpets, tables, chairs, dining-room and drawing-room furniture, a very large assortment of bed and table linen, particularly some very fine sets of damask, and an eight-day clock, kitchen jack, lead cistern, and other kitchen furniture.—The sale of the linens to begin on Thursday at twelve o'clock precisely.

Mrs BOWIE, Auctioneer.

Household Furniture.

THERE is to be SOLD by public roup, on Wednesday the 23d current, in St Ann's Yards, in that large lodging, belonging to Mrs Binnings, presently possessed by Squire Phinnix,

A great variety of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Mounted Beds, Down and Feather Beds, Mahogany Desks and Drawers, handsome Joining, Card, and Breakfast Tables, with handsome dining and drawing-room Furniture—the drawing-room Furniture will be sold at one o'clock precisely the first day; handsome Mirror Glasses, fine Turky and Scots Carpets, Scots and English Blankets, Tea and Table China, an Eight-day-clock, two good Kitchen Jacks, the one large, the other small; a Water Jar, and other Kitchen Furniture.

The roup to begin at ten o'clock each day till all is sold off.

Mrs PATERSON Auctioneer.

Turnpike Meeting at Kinross.

THE Annual General Meeting of the Trustees upon the Turnpike Road betwixt North Ferry and Perth, is to be held at Kinross, upon Saturday the 26th of May current, when it is expected the gentlemen from the different counties will attend.

Exchequer Chambers, May 16. 1787.

BY ORDER OF THE BARONS,

INTIMATION is hereby given, That a petition was this day presented to their Lordships, from Mark Pringle, Esq; advocate, praying a gift of the estate of Richard Pringle, late in Bankhead, in the county of Roxburgh, a bastard, deceased, in aid of a disposition executed by him.

This day is Published,

In Octavo, Price *Five* Shillings in boards,

The History & Philosophy of Judaism,

Or a Critical and Philosophical Analysis of the

JEWISH RELIGION:

From which is offered a Vindication of its Genius, Origin, and Authority, and of its Connection with the Christian, against the Objections and Misrepresentation of modern Infidels.

BY DUNCAN SHAW, D.D.

One of the Ministers of Aberdeen.

Printed for C. Elliot, T. Kay, and Co. No 339. opposite Somerset-house, Strand, London; and C. Elliot, Edinburgh; By whom in a few days will be published, in one vol. 8vo. price 5 s. in boards,

SERMONS by David Lamont, D. D. one of the Chaplains to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, vol. 2d.

Of whom also may be had, the first Volume of Dr Lamont's Sermons, being on the most prevalent vices, 8vo. 6 s. bound.

STRONG BEER,

FOR HOME SALE AND EXPORTATION.

A. CAMPBELL, Brewer, Cowgate, Edinburgh, has on hand very fine high flavoured STRONG BEER, of a mild kind, now selling for ready money at 10 s. 4½ d. per burden of three dozen, delivered free at the usual distances; and gives good encouragement to retailers.

He has also Strong Beer, brewed for the West India, and other foreign markets, which he sells at 5 s Sterling per dozen, exclusive of casks, packing, &c The purchaser to have the drawback of duties, and bounty on exportation.

N. B. To prevent mistakes, Archibald Campbell begs his customers in town will please return empty bottles when the beer is furnished, or pay for them at the usual price.

To the Journeymen Cabinet and Chair-Makers within the Shire of Edinburgh.

WHEREAS a PETITION was this day presented to the Justices of the Peace of this Shire, for the principal Cabinet-Makers and Upholsterers who employ Journeymen Cabinet and Chair-makers, in the city of Edinburgh and its environs, praying the Justices would interpone their authority to certain regulations contained in said petition—The Justices, before answer, ordained intimation thereof to be made to the Journeymen Cabinet and Chair-Makers within this shire, once in each of the Edinburgh newspapers; and them to lodge their answers to said petition with the Clerk of Court, within eight days from this date, if they saw cause, with certification.

This intimation is therefore given to all concerned; and that copies of the petition may be had by applying to

W. LOCKHART, Dep.

Justice of Peace Clerks Office,
19th May 1787.

N. B. By mistake in a former advertisement, Journeymen Upholsterers were mentioned, instead of Chair-makers.

JOHN DUMBRECK AND SON,

HAVING entered into partnership, for the purpose of carrying on the business of LETTING POST CHAISES AND HORSES, at their Livery Stables, White Horse Inn, head of Canongate, Edinburgh, they, by an assiduous attention to every part of the business, hope to merit a share of public favour.

The Dung of the above Stables to Set for one or more years; to be entered to immediately.

☞ The Inn carried on as formerly.

STOCKING WARE-HOUSE.

WILLIAM BEGBIE, Hosier, takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public, That he has removed from the shop he formerly possessed, front of the Exchange, to the first shop above Warriston's Close, Luckenbooths; where he continues to SELL all kinds of HOSIERY GOODS on the most reasonable terms. He returns his grateful acknowledgements to all those his employers for past favours, and earnestly solicits a continuance of their patronage, which he will endeavour at all times to merit, by furnishing them with the best of Hosiery at the lowest prices.

Commissions from the country punctually attended to.

County of Inverness.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons in arrear for Cess and other public taxes, within the county of Inverness. that unless the same are paid to the Collector without further delay, immediate prosecutions are to be commenced against them. Not to be repeated.

Sale of Royal Bank Stock.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 30th day of May current, at six o'clock afternoon, in lots or parcels,

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS of the Original Capital Stock of the Royal Bank of Scotland, now standing in the Bank Books at 2694 l. 5 s. Sterling.

For further particulars, apply to James Stormonth writer in Edinburgh.

A Brewery to Let.

TO LET in Leith, a BREWERY, with Malt Barn, Kiln, Lofts, and Cellars, for all different kinds of beer and ale, and a good Dwelling-house. The Brewery is extremely commodiously fitted up, and the nearest to the shipping of any in Leith. Any person wishing to take the same will apply to John Thomson and Co. who will treat with them for the utensils, stock of malt, and drink; and they can enter into a good going business immediately.

N. B. Credit will be given for the whole upon security.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the Honourable Mrs CLEMENTINA ROLLO.

MRS ROLLO died at Perth in the 1777: and if any of her debts be yet unpaid, the creditors will please apply for payment to Thomas Ruthven writer in Edinburgh, or James Chalmers writer in Perth, within ten days of this date; as her executors will not be answerable for the payment of any creditors who do not apply within that time.

May 21. 1787. Not to be repeated.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 27th day of June 1787, between the hours of six and seven o'clock afternoon,

The Lands of Upper, Nether, and Middle KNOCKREOCH,

lying in the parish of Kells and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, holden blench of a subject superior. The present rent is 68 l. Sterling, payable by one tenant, without any lease, over and above a small possession occupied by a liferentrix, for which 12 l. Sterling has been offered; but, upon a lease of any endurance, a considerable rise of rent may be expected. The teinds are valued, and mostly exhausted by the minister's stipend. The purchaser will have right to a charter from the superior, with an unexecuted precept of sasine, which will save a composition.

The articles and conditions of sale, and progress of writs, are in the hands of James Fraser writer to the signet, who will treat with any intended purchaser before the day of sale.

Patent Roman Urns, &c.

PETER FORRESTER and COMPANY have got to hand a large and complete Assortment of TEA KITCHENS, upon the newest constructions, and at reduced prices; and have also for sale, on very reasonable terms, some new and elegant patterns of Silver and Plated Tea Pots, Sugar and Cream Basons, Decanters, Cups, Goblets, Salts, sets of Castors; Table, Bracket, and Chamber Candlesticks; Fish Knives; Table, Tureen, Desert, and Tea Spoons; Wine Funnels, &c. &c.

As also, a great variety of Gold, Silver, and Metal Watches *warranted*. And a complete assortment of Table and Desert Knives and Forks, with Mahogany, Shagreen, and other cases; Coffee Pots, Tea Trays, Waiters, Bread Baskets, &c.

A few Silver articles second hand, to be sold very low.

The highest prices given for all kinds of Gold Coin, Spanish Dollars, and Silver Plate.

Household Furniture.

TO be SOLD by auction, on Tuesday (to-morrow) the 22d May instant, in the house in Hay's-street, Nicholson's Square, next to the entry into the Potter-row,

Great variety of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, viz. mounted beds, down and feather beds, a large quantity of blankets, with desks, drawers, book-cases, carpets, mirrors, grates, joining, card, and other tables, chairs, kitchen furniture, a remarkable large fine jack, and an eight-day clock, &c. &c.

There will also be sold a spinnet and psaltery, both remarkably sweet toned.

The furniture is mostly mahogany, almost new, and has been well kept.

N. B. Credit will be given.

Household Furniture.

THERE is to be SOLD by public roup, on Thursday the 24th current, in that lodging, south wing of the Abby of Holyroodhouse, all sorts of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of mounted beds, down and feather beds; tea and table linen, tea and table china; blankets and carpets, mahogany desks, drawers, tables, and chairs; drawing and dining-room furniture; an elegant chamber organ, an eight-day clock; a kitchen jack, with a variety of kitchen furniture. The roup to begin at ten o'clock forenoon, and to continue till all is sold off.

Mrs PATERSON Auctioneer.

Judicial Sale by Adjournment,

And Upset Price Reduced.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 21st June 1787, between the hours of four and six afternoon, the following SUBJECTS, which pertained to James Grant of Carron, viz.

An HERITABLE DEBT of 800 l. Sterling of principal, with annualrents due thereon since the term of Martinmas 1778, constituted by heritable bond over the lands and barony of Redcastle, lying in the parishes of Kilernan and Kilmuir, and shire of Ross, and to which the said James Grant of Carron has right by progress; the value of which heritable debt is proven to be,

Principal sum in said bond, -	L. 800	0 0
Interest due thereon since Martinmas 1778, to the 14th December 1786, when the said debt was first exposed to sale, -	323	12 3
Sum at which the said debt was first exposed to sale, - - -	L. 1123	12 3

But which is now to be exposed to sale at the upset price of 1000 l. Sterling.

The titles and articles of sale are in the office of Mr Alexander Ross, depute-clerk of Session.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the house of James Black, innkeeper at Ecclefechan, on Saturday the 9th of June next, betwixt the hours of twelve and one afternoon,

These Parts of the Five Pound Land

of the Ten Pound Land of ECCLEFECHAN, comprehending the Hall of Ecclefechan, and certain lands and houses within the town of Ecclefechan remaining unsold, common pasturage and share of the commonty of Ecclefechan and Hoddam, allocate and set off to the said lands, with the teinds thereof, all lying in the parish of Hoddam, and shirrifdom of Dumfries.

A scheme and measurement of these lands has been made out by Mr James Tait land-surveyor, and agreeable thereto they will be exposed in sixteen different lots.

The lands are of excellent quality, they are situated on the great turnpike road leading from Gretna Green to Moffat. There is a good limestone quarry on the grounds, and a promising appearance of coal.

Any person wanting further information may apply to Gilbert Gordon, Esq; of Halleaths, by Lochmaben; or to High Corrie writer to the signet at Edinburgh, either of whom will furnish printed lists describing the different lots to be exposed.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,

THE DILIGENCE,

PHILIP BUTLER Master,

Now taking in goods at Hawley's Wharf for Leith, and will sail on the 31st inst.

THE CATCH CLUB.

On Monday this meeting had their anniversary dinner, at which his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales presided. The entertainment was as splendid as Willis could make it. After dinner the following was performed:

OCCASIONAL ODE, 1787.

When beauty's soul-attracting charms
Shall cease to kindle fond alarms;
When at the festive board, disguis'd
Like Prudence, cold reserve shall sit,
And Caution's moral laws be priz'd,
Far, far above the bursts of wit:
When manners thus deprav'd we see,
Farewell, sweet harmony to thee!

But while the swift electric flame
Of beauty darts thro' all the frame;
While Britain's darling, Britain's pride,
Whose breast with every grace is stor'd,
Shall deign, in courteous mood, to guide
The pleasures of our social board;
While thus we frolic frank and free,
All hail, sweet harmony to thee!

Among the fashionable people present, were the Duchess of Cumberland, Devonshire, Gordon; Ladies B. Tollemache, Gideon, W. Wynne; Hon. Mrs Ward, Mrs Fitzherbert; and many others.

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

A PARODY.

WHILE some affect the serious, some the gay,
Some sing of love, and some of cruel war,
Their aims as various as the roads they take
In journeying through life—The task be mine
To paint the horrors of that dismal seat,
Where oft appear those *poor* unfortunates
Who venture, ere the nuptial knot is tied,
Nature's first law, and greatest, to obey—
Repenting-sheet!—dread word! at thought of thee
The rustic maiden stops her chearful song;
And, conscious of her frailty, pensive broods
O'er all the horrors of the frightful scene.

Well she remembers, that, in former days,
Ere yet her heart had listen'd to the tale
Of artful love, she, like her neighbours, has,
With wanton cruelty, join'd the tattling crowd,
To laugh at an unhappy frail one's folly,
And active Fancy faithfully pourtray's
The jibes and sneers which she in turn must meet
If e'er her story reach the *Session*'s ears.

Strange things, the gossips say, do happen there;—
As how the liquorish Elders oft will ask
The history of the courtship—how begun—
How carried on—and where the guilt was first
Contracted;—how oft it was renew'd:
And, ever and anon, with solemn face
A candid answer urge—nought but the truth,
And *all* the truth, without reserve, require.
Ah! how shall she to them those truths explain
Which from herself she wishes to conceal!
Ah! how shall she recount the wandering thoughts
Which in her youthful bosom first arose!
Or half the nameless, little, artful tales
Which won her to consent! Can she,
O'ercome with awe, oppress'd with grief, relate
The sportive dalliance of the fatal hour
In which she was undone? Distracting thought!
Nor that the worst. It wounds her to the soul,
E'en when that trial is o'er, to stand expos'd,
While bursts of sorrow gush from either eye—
The pity of her friends—the jest of those
Whom, in a happier hour, she once contemn'd—
To meet the parish—*all* the world to her—
Conven'd to witness her complete disgrace.

Ah! whether shall she turn, or whether fly!
Where her dishonour hide! Her tortur'd mind
A thousand schemes proposes, and rejects.
Her thoughts affright her—but they haunt her still;
Till grown familiar, she at last resolves——
I'll add no more—it makes one's blood run chill.

O ye whom watchful Providence has plac'd
To guard the flock, and, with a careful eye,
Observe their wanderings, and conduct their steps,
Deem not this theme unworthy your regard;
Deem not the Master Shepherd won't respect
Your kindness to the meanest in the fold:
O punish gently when they chance to stray;
With kind compassion win the stragglers back,
And do not hunt them with the noisy dog
To them as frightful as the hungry wolf
Who lies in wait, and marks them for his prey.

FUNERAL OF Mrs YATES.

The demise of a favourite actress being justly deemed a public loss, the interment of her remains becomes, of consequence, a subject of inquisitive curiosity: On this principle, the following detail of the mode in which the remains of the late celebrated Mrs Yates were conveyed to the sepulchre, may gratify the admirers of the present, and the favourers of departed merit.

The death of Mrs Yates was occasioned by a *rupture*, brought on by a fall which happened to her several years ago. The complaint becoming grievous, a chirurgical operation was advised, to which she submitted, and under an effort to relieve nature, she expired. Being thus destined for that country, as Shakespeare expresses it,

"From whose bourne no traveller returns."

it seemed to be the design of her surviving relative to pay every honour to her memory. Her corpse was accordingly laid in state. The stair-case and passages of her house at Pimlico were hung with black, ornamented with gilt branches. The coffin was covered with black velvet, the border of white sattin, fringed with gold. There were *eight* supporters of the pall; the corpse was conveyed in a hearse and six, attended by six mourning coaches, each drawn by six horses, full comparisoned. The pall was supported by eight friends; Mr Yates attending as chief mourner; his nephew, two clergymen, and numbers of gentlemen and ladies in their respective carriages, forming the rear of the cavalcade.

At *twelve* o'clock on Monday, the funeral procession moved, from Pimlico, to the channel of Richmond church, where, at the special request of Mrs Yates, her remains were interred, those of her father having mouldered in the same place.

At five o'clock the procession reached Richmond, but the church and the avenues being so extremely crowded, it was with the utmost difficulty access could be obtained. Among the principal attendants on the occasion were,

Dr Roberts, Master of St Paul's School.
Dr Robinson.
Mr Murphy.
Mr Palmer, of Drury-lane Theatre.
Mr Grindall, Surgeon.
Mr Keate.
Mr Hull.

LLOYD's LIST. — *May* 18.

THE Stormont, Bennet, arrived in the River, left th Island Trinidada, in So. lat. the 1st of April, and spoke the following vessels on the Fishery about the middle of Jan.

		Spermaceti Oil. Tons.	Black O.l. Tons.
Aurora,	Banfield,	ab. 2	
Ulysses,	Anderson,	7	
Lucas,	Aiken,	20	30
Nimble,	Gardiner,	20	30
Experiment,	Lucas,	2	13
Greenwich,	Lock,	10	90
Swift,	Ray,		50
Spy,	Brown,	3	24
Y. Samuel,	Avery,		25
Lively,	Barnet,		30
Atalanta,	Delano,	17	20
Hammet,	Clark,	30	4
Chaser,	Skiff,	4	26
Andelicia,	Atkinson,	2	8
Diana,			25
Sandwich,	Shields,	5	45
Same time heard of			
Jackall,	Aikin,	9	
Dolphin,	Swain,	25	
Gen. Elliot,	Barnet,	5	

The Astrea, Horner, had not been seen.

Parted with the Tiger, Wyer, the 2d ult. who had 45 tons of spermaceti.

The Christianus Septimus, Wemys, was left by a passenger the 30th ult. lat. 43. lon. 33. west of London, all well.

The Earl Cornwallis, Hodgson, arrived off the Start, left China the first of January, and St Helena the 27th of March. The Contractor, Price; Southampton, Hall; and Stormont, Curtis, were to sail from St Helena the 28th of March.

Captain Bennet, of the Stormont, arrived in the River from Brazils, spoke a Dutch East Indiaman, bound to Holland, on the 7th inst. all well.

The Jouge Jan, Seehusen, from London to Hamburg, is lost near Embden.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

WEDNESDAY, *May* 16.

In a Committee went through and reported the post horse farming bill, the callico printers, the Margate pier, the Beverley roads, the Stafford gaol, and several road and inclosure bill.

Read a first time the bankrupt's law regulating bill, and the shipping regulation bill.

In a committee went through the pawnbrokers bill. Adjourned.

THURSDAY, *May* 17.

At two o'clock the Lord Chancellor came down, and very soon after a Committee was formed, in the Prince's Chamber, to examine into precedents respecting the impeachment of Mr Hastings.

The following Noble Lords attended the Committee:

Lord Chancellor,	Lord Walsingham,
Earl Bathurst,	Earl Stamford,
Marquis of Stafford,	Earl of Moray,
Duke of Richmond,	Earl of Cassilis.
Lord Scarsdale,	

The Committee continued their researches until near four o'clock, when it was adjourned to this day, when the report will be made to the House. The principal circumstance which engaged the attention of the Committee, was, Whether Mr Hastings could be legally taken into custody, or held to bail for a *Misdemenor*, previous to the time of being called to make his defence, and take his trial? The two cases which seemed to be apposite to the present case, were Mr Manwaring's, and Sir Giles Mompesson; but there was in both of those cases very essential distinctions from that of Mr Hastings; and the question with the Committee will naturally be, whether a *Venire* shall precede the *Capias*? If that should ultimately be the opinion of the Committee, Mr Hastings will remain at large the whole time, previous to his trial.

At four the Chancellor took his seat upon the wool-sack, and the Bishop of Lincoln read prayers; after which several bills were brought up from the Commons, and read a first time.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, *May* 17.

ORDERED the Edinburgh improvement, the twopenny Scots, the expiring laws, and the consolition funds bills, to be engrossed.

Ordered the report of the spirit license, and the paper duty, for to-morrow.

Sir *John Miller* gave notice, that on some early day, in the ensuing session, he would renew his motion for preventing occasional freemen from voting at parliamentary elections.

The order of the day being read, for a Committee to consider of the bill for regulating the duties on glass,

Sir Adam Ferguson and Mr Steele had a conversation on this subject; after which

Mr Rose took the chair, and the bill was gone through.

The second report of the Secret Committee against Mr Hastings being read a second time, it was moved that the contents of this report, namely, the revenue charge, should form another article of impeachment against him.

Major *Scott* expressed his decided disapprobation of this motion.

The question being put, the motion was agreed to.

Mr *Burgess* moved, that notice be given to the Sheriffs of England and Wales, that they prepare, by the beginning of next session, an account of all prisoners confined for debt, which was assented to.

Sir *Adam Ferguson* having desired the Clerk to read the petition of some British merchants, lately presented to the House, praying for compensation for the loss of their property, which had been seized and confiscated in America, moved, that this petition be referred to a Committee He thought it a great hardship, that their property should have been seized, when so many others who had remitted to America goods equally prohibited by law, had escaped by the connivance of Government.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* opposed the motion, as the goods seized were prohibited by law from being sent to any of the provinces then in rebellion against his Britannic Majesty. Besides, granting the demand of the petitioners would open a door to so many applications of a similar nature as would become burthensome to Government, exclusive of the impropriety of them.

Mr *H. Thornton* assented to the motion.

Mr *Dempster* said, that Sir William Howe's proclamation, partially suspended the act that prohibited certain articles from being sent to the rebel provinces. By this proclamation the goods sent by the petitioners were sanctioned. He hoped the House would agree to the motion.

Mr *Rose* said, that Sir William Howe's proclamation only regulated the landing of goods. He objected to the motion.

Mr Alderman *Watson* having stated the particulars of the case, remarked, that half the property of the petitioners had been returned by the captors, their vessel having been taken by an American privateer, which, with its prize, was retaken by a British ship.

The question being put, the motion was negatived.

Mr *Dempster* then rose on the subject of a petition from some merchants of West Florida, who had sent some articles into Fort Mobile for its defence, which were seized by the Spaniards on the reduction of that fort. The petitioners prayed the House to grant them a compensation, as the goods were sent on the Governor's promise of payment; but as the Minister, when the petition was offered, would not signify his Majesty's consent to its being received, he would move, that an humble address be presented to his Majesty, requesting him to order an enquiry to be made into the claims of the petitioners, and grant them proper relief, which this House will make good.

Mr *Pulteney* seconded the motion.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* observed, that the petitioners had first applied to the Treasury, then to the Ordnance, next to the Courts of law; and lastly, when their claims were not allowed by those to whom they had been referred, had sought relief from this House. Their claims were inadmissible; for they would have lost the property in question, even if it had not been sent into the fort. He would therefore object to the motion.

Mr *Dempster* urged the propriety of his motion by some further remarks.

Mr *Steele* objected to the motion.

Mr *Pulteney* said a few words more in its favour.

The *Chancellor of the Exchequer* replied to the last speaker.

The motion was then decided in the negative.

At six o'clock the House adjourned till to-morrow.

LONDON, — *May* 18.

Wednesday a courier arrived at St James's from Vienna, with dispatches from that Court, relative to a new treaty between the Emperor and his Britannic Majesty as Elector of Hanover.

Wednesday a deputation of gentlemen from the paper-manufacturers, attended by the Commissioners of Excise, had a further conference with the Minister, concerning the effects of the consolidation of duties on the paper manufactory.

Yesterday there was a full meeting of all the Corps Diplomatique, at the Russian Ambassador's house, in Upper Harley-street, Cavendish-square, who is the President this month.

On Tuesday next, there is to be a grand fete at Windsor on account of the anniversary of the birth of her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth, who enters into the 18th year of her age. The Nobility and Gentry will pay their compliments to their Majesties and the Royal Family on the occasion at Windsor, it being no public day at St James's.

The matter at present in contention between the Prince of Wales and the Court, relates to the Prince's establishment: His Majesty insists upon filling all the departments of his Highness's household, with persons of his own selection: The Prince on the other hand solicits, and very naturally, to retain this privilege to himself.

The Augusta yacht is ordered to be equipped at Deptford, by the 10th of next month, for the accommodation of the Lords of the Admiralty, on their intended visit to the dock-yards; and the necessary instructions have been sent to the Commissioners, at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth, to make preparations for the survey of the dock-yards, ships in commission, ordinary, under repair, and building.

The immense quantities of brandies imported since the 10th instant, and now lying at the Custom-house Quay, and all the adjoining Quays, by far exceed any thing ever known in the memory of man.

The following are the prices of foreign spirits on the Custom-house Quays since the consolidation of the new duties took place on the 10th instant, brandy 8s. to 9s. 6d. per gallon: rum 6s. to 7s. 3d. per gallon.

The wine and brandy merchants are the only persons who are likely to derive any benefit from the reduction of the duties on those articles; the retailers making little or no abatement in the former prices. This surely is a matter that deserves to be attended to, and some mode adopted for carrying the intent of the treaty into general effect.

After all the parade which the Minister has made about the cheapness of wines and the prevention of smuggling, the Commercial Treaty is like to prove a second *commutation* project.

The Lords of the Treasury have given orders for 40,000 l. of silver coin, in shillings and sixpences, to be issued from the Bank, to such bankers and merchants who may apply for it, from which channel it will in due time come into common circulation. This coinage is the last of the late reign.

Lord Loughborough's accident happened last Sunday near Holloway turnpike gate, by a person on horseback riding against him with such velocity, as to dislocate his Lordship's knee-pan. Mr Hayne, a surgeon in Clerkenwell was fortunately going towards Highgate soon after, who rendered his Lordship such necessary assistance, as we hear will enable him to preside in the Common Pleas in a few days.

Last night his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland, went to Lord Hopetoun's route in Albemarle-street, Piccadilly.

A letter from Calcutta, dated Nov. 21. says, "We are sorry to be under the necessity of confirming the report of the loss of the ship Fortune, Captain Adam Glegg, which was lost on the 7th of May last, in one degree south latitude, and three degrees to the eastward of Point Palmyra. The following particulars are taken from the protest of Captain Glegg, and Messr. Johnston and Burg, first and second officers.

"On the 7th of May, the vessel sprung a leak, and obliged us to take to the small boat, about 200 leagues from land. At 5, A. M. we found, on sounding the pump, 2 feet eight inches water in the well, though the ship had been pumped out at 4, A. M. At 6, A. M. finding her still to gain upon the pumps, turned all hands to baling and pumping. At 10, A. M. the ship having gained to five feet water in the well, it was thought necessary to heave rice over board, both pumps going and baling. At 4, P. M. there being then nine feet water in the well, hoisted out the boat in readiness, and still continued pumping and baling; but finding all our endeavours ineffectual to keep the ship above water, and the people being worn out with fatigue, at 9, P. M. the water then touching the lower deck beams, the people left off pumping, and endeavoured to procure rafts for their safety, our boat being only large enough to carry ten people. At half past nine, left the ship, and continued astern of her till eleven o'clock, when she suddenly disappeared.

"Captain Glegg, Mrs Glegg, the first and second officers, the gunner, and five people, were saved, after having been eight days in the boat, with very little provision; and the two last days without any. They were received by the gentlemen at Tapanoly with great humanity. — When the above account arrived, they were at Padang.

"Since the above account, a serang has arrived, who gives an account of six more of the hands being saved. Most of the ship's company were upon a raft when she went down; by which it was unfortunately overset, and only eleven regained their situation. They were twenty-five days at sea upon the raft, during which time five of the eleven died for want of food.

"There were 57 people in all on board; only 16 of whom are saved."

The ships just arrived from India bring the following account: — "Tippoo, with a large army, is in the environs of Adoni, making the necessary arrangements for his ensuing campaign; when it is to be expected he will be busily engaged, as he will have to contend with a force, which, in point of numbers, is very far superior to his own. — The approaching moment will be the most important of his life, as every thing, liberty, kingdom, life, all depend upon the event of it. It is then very natural to imagine that his situation of mind must be painfully agitated, and full of anxiety. He is constantly engaged in forming plans, and disciplining his troops, many of whom are disaffected, and it is supposed, they will either be neuter in action, or go over to the enemy. This circumstance is well known to Tippoo, and must add considerably to his uneasiness: he is using every means towards conciliation; but such is the genius of the people with whom he has to deal, that inveteracy, or discontent once entertained, is hardly ever to be eradicated; and no confidence can be placed in them, although they may make the most solemn protestations to that effect.

"The Mahrattas, with the Nizam's army, had crossed the Tungbudra some time ago, in order to give Tippoo battle; but have since been obliged to recross it for the purpose of procuring forage, as none could be obtained in the situation they had encamped in; and, in consequence of this measure, the Nizam's forces have fallen back also; which may be of some prejudice to them in their future operations, as the Asiaticks are extremely superstitious, and seize every commencing circumstance with avidity, construing the most trivial, if in their favour, to an auspicious omen: and elated superstition is equal to the most determined fortitude."

The India Gazettes, which were brought by the last ships from Bengal, shew that the troubles in India are rising to an alarming height. The Mahrattas and Tippoo Saib are at open war. The Mysore troops have received a check; and the Mahrattas, flushed with victory, are proceeding to attack Tippoo's fortresses. The Nizam has declared for the Mahrattas; he is a very powerful Mahometan Prince, and having, during all the late troubles, observed a strict neutrality, now enters into action with his coffers full of money, and his country full of people. Such an ally certainly gives to the present war a formidable aspect.

On the eastern side of Europe the horizon wears an equally lowering appearance. The Russians and Turks, according to every account from either country, are upon the eve of hostilities. In this situation of things, it cannot be concealed that France possesses the honourable, happy, and enviable distinction of arbitrator. In India, she, by her influence with Tippoo, can extend the war, or oblige that restless Prince to sheath the sword. Nor is her power in the Turkish councils less considerable. Thus in Asia and Europe she can foment the flames of discord, or diffuse the blessings of peace: and there is no doubt of her adopting such measures as she may conceive best calculated to promote her own interest, on the ruins of rival powers.

As the cause now pending, Sutton against Johnstone, is thought to involve a question of much *naval discipline and subordination*, a law correspondent has sent us the following case which happened about the year 1746:

A Lieutenant Fry of the marines, had been arrested for contempt and disobedience of orders; and, after having been confined 14 months, was tried at Jamaica by a Court Martial, of which Sir Chaloner Ogle was President, and sentenced to 15 years imprisonment in the Marshalsea, beside being rendered incapable of ever serving his Majesty again.

On his return to England, he laid his case before the Privy Council, who ordered him to be released. After this, he brought his action in the Common Pleas against the President for excess of punishment and abuse of judicial power, and obtained a verdict of one thousand pounds damages; and, by the advice of Lord Chief Justice Willes, afterwards brought his action against the rest of the members of the Court Martial. They took it up in a high tone against the Chief Justice, and complained, amongst other things, that by this, the order, discipline, and government of his Majesty's armies by sea were dissolved. The Chief Justice, however, pursued his point, and supported the dignity of the Court. The event of which was, that the members of the Court Martial drew up a letter, wherein they asked pardon of his Lordship for the indignity offered him and the Court; and this letter the Chief Justice caused to be registered in the Remembrancer's Office, as a memorial of the supremacy of the law.

No confirmation has yet been received of the report circulated within the last two days, of a battle having taken place between the two contending parties in Holland, although the distracted state of that country fully warrants a belief of the circumstance.

The Emperor has suppressed the convent of St Augustine, at Neunberg, on the Danube, which was the repository of the Archducal Crown. It was founded in 1114, and rebuilt in 1720. The commissaries who took possession of it, found 20,000 eimers of excellent wine in it, with a great many other valuable effects.

A letter dated Paris May 7. and received on Wednesday, *via* Holland, contains the following melancholy intelligence, imparted by one of the companions of Mons. *De la Peyrouse* during the latter's voyage round the world. It is dated *Montelery*, in *New California*, Sept. 19. 1786: "We were fondly congratulating each other on having travelled from one end of the world to the other, frequented whole generations of men unknown hitherto, unjustly by us set down as barbarians, and reached the distant spot, without the loss of a single man, when, on the 13th of July last, being in latitude ——— within fifteen leagues of a port in North America, an unexpected catastrophe hath plunged us into the deepest sorrow. The sea broke in with great violence at the entrance of the harbour which formed a kind of bar, more or less dangerous according to the state of the tide. In order to try the proper soundings, three boats were dispatched under the command of Mons. *Descures*, Knight of St Louis, to whom the commander in chief delivered proper instructions in writing. But, whether they were strictly obeyed, or whether the boats could not stem the current and were carried off by its rapidity, we know not—the fact is, The one commanded by Mons. *Descures* and another have never been heard of. The third came back to bear the melancholy tidings of a catastrophe which they had witnessed, and which it was not in their power to prevent; nor even could they afford any assistance to their unfortunate companions. By this ever lamentable event, we have lost twenty men, the oldest of them not yet in his 34th year, and six of our best and most zealous officers; amongst these we have to deplore the death of the sons of Mons. *De la Borde*. They had left their country where they were to have lived in ease and opulence, to indulge a very laudable curiosity, but which hath proved so fatal to them. Though we cannot refuse to so many departed friends and companions the tribute of tears which they are so justly entitled to, yet we are by no means discouraged, and after making an useless search for the remains of our departed friends, our commander has weighed anchor, and to-morrow we leave this place, to continue our voyage."

The gains of the late Counsellor Jackson were, perhaps, greater than those of any other gentleman in the profession of the law. He is said to have died possessed of an estate of 3000 l. a-year, besides upwards of two hundred thousand pounds in money. All this he accumulated with a fair character, and it is reported that he intended to have left the bulk of it to his friend Mr Clarke; but dying intestate, it devolves to his two sisters, one of whom is married, and the other single. At the age of near seventy, he is said to have felt the *tender passion*, and indeed to have died a martyr to it! the object of it was a young lady, to whom he was guardian; and her refusal, considering the temptation of such wealth, combined with so advanced an age, does the young lady much honour.

The late robbery of the boy with the Haslemere mail, is a further argument in favour of Mr Palmer's plan; indeed the salutary effects of that undertaking are so much felt and acknowledged, that it ought to be extended wherever the situation of the country will admit of coaches travelling.

The following particulars respecting Benjamin Gregson, who made his escape from the cells in Newgate on Tuesday morning last, may be depended on:—At the usual hour, a little before nine o'clock, when the cells of the capital convicts are unlocked, two of the turn-keys went for that purpose, one of which stands at the first door, while the other goes into the passage to unlock the cells; when the man who was in the passage came to the door where Gregson was confined, he found a difficulty in opening it, and called to his fellow servant, saying, that he had brought the wrong key, on which the man quitting his situation to assist in opening the door, Gregson, (who it is supposed was concealed in the necessary) slipped away, and passed the guard at the outer gate unsuspected. His irons, sawed asunder, were found in his cell, a pannel in the door of which was cut away, notwithstanding the prodigious thickness, besides being lined with scupper nails. The saw was found in the necessary. What is remarkable, Gregson immediately upon quitting Newgate, went to the house of Mr Buckley, in Bermondsey-street, Southwark, on whose prosecution he was convicted, and found him at breakfast with two friends. Gregson had his right hand in his coat pocket, as if ready to draw a pistol or some other weapon, but on seeing company he hastily went off. Mr Buckley, much terrified, thought it an apparition, and had not power to tell his friends who his visitor was; but immediately on recovering himself, went

to Mr Akerman and informed him of this extraordinary circumſtance. Mr Akerman has diſpatched meſſengers to all the Kentiſh ports; and from the exertions that he is making, it is expected that Gregſon will be at his old lodging in a ſhort ſpace of time.

Robert Gregſon, who broke out of Newgate laſt Tueſday morning, is the ſame perſon who a ſhort time ſince broke out of Yarmouth gaol, in a manner not leſs extraordinary than his preſent eſcape!

The above culprit, who is condemned for forgery, hinted to a perſon in Newgate, that he had a proſpect of eſcaping from priſon, by diſguiſing himſelf; —"I have, ſays he, *counterfeited* another's *hand*,—and it has brought me here;—I have now, added he, to *counterfeit* the *perſon*, and it is probable I ſhall eſcape!"

RICHMOND HOUSE.

Privy Garden.

Yeſterday evening their Majeſties, and the Princeſſes, honoured the Duke of Richmond with their preſence at his Grace's Theatre, where the Comedy of the Way to Keep Him was performed by a ſelect number of perſons of faſhion. The Royal Family, and their attendants, were conveyed to Richmond Houſe, in a train of ſeven carriages—Among the Nobility and Gentry preſent upon this occaſion, were the Dukes of Chandos and Northumberland, the Marquiſſes of Stafford and Graham, Lords Beſton, Howe, Sydney, Walſingham, &c. Sir George Howard, General Conway and Lady Ayleſbury. Moſt of the foreign Miniſters, and a very brilliant aſſemblage of Ladies of the firſt diſtinction, beauty and accompliſhments. Their Majeſties and the Princeſſes retired before twelve o'clock; and a ſelect party afterwards partook of an elegant ſupper provided for the occaſion.

PRICE OF STOCKS, MAY 18.

Bank Stock, 156¼ a 6.
New 4 per cent. 1777, 95¾ a ¼.
5 per cent. Ann. 1785, 115½ a ¼.
3 per cent. red. 76¼ a ¼.
3 per cent. con. 77¼ a ⅜.
3 per cent. 1726, —
Long Ann. 22⅛ a 11-16ths.
30 Years Ann. 1778, 13 13-16ths a ⅞.
India Stock, —
3 per cent. India Ann. —
India Bonds, —
South Sea Stock, —
Old S. S. Ann. —
New ditto, —
3 per cent. 1751, —
New Navy and Vict. Bills, —
Exch. Bills, —
Lottery Tickets, —
Bank for May —
India for May, —
Conſols for the op. 78⅛.

WIND AT DEAL, MAY 17. E. N. E.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, May 18.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

"Counſel were heard in the appeal, Armſtrong appellant, and the Lord Advocate reſpondent.

ELECTION OF THE SCOTCH PEERAGE.

"The Earl of *Hopetoun* moved, that ſeveral reſolutions made by their Lordſhips, reſpecting the Scotch Peerage, ſhould be read; which being done, it appeared to be the reſolutions of their Lordſhips, that Scotch Peers, upon being made Peers of Great Britain, ſhould not be allowed to vote at the election of Peers of Scotland to ſerve in the Parliament of Great Britain, as ſettled at the Union. The noble Earl followed up theſe reſolutions with many ſenſible and pertinent remarks; and, after alluding to a late tranſaction in Scotland, moved their Lordſhips, That a copy of their Lordſhips reſolutions be ſent to the Lord Regiſter of Scotland for his guide at future elections of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland.

"The Duke of *Queenſberry* hoped to be heard by counſel.

"The Marquis of *Carmarthen* ſupported the Earl of Hopetoun; and

"The *Lord Chancellor* entered into a very long and formal oppoſition, contending, that the matter was a fit object for an act of Parliament, and ought to be explained by it. The learned Lord was proceeding at ſix o'clock, in a manner to threaten a very long debate. The Houſe was uncommonly crowded.

We have endeavoured to be as particular as poſſible reſpecting the various proceedings of the Committee of the Houſe of Commons, in their ſeveral ſittings on the Leith harbour-bill, as we conceived it to be a matter of the greateſt importance to this city, and Leith, in particular, and to the kingdom in general. The following is a ſhort recapitulation of what paſſed in the laſt ſtage of the buſineſs, received by yeſterday's poſt.

Extract of a letter from London, May 17.

"Yeſterday the 16th, the Committee met again upon the Edinburgh bill. *Mr Allan Macdougal*, proprietor of the principal of the grounds upon which the harbour and appendages were propoſed to be made, had agreed to the propriety and neceſſity of giving thoſe parts of his property wanted by the Magiſtrates and Town Council of Edinburgh, for the uſe of the public. The Gentlemen who acted for *Mr Robertſon of Ladykirk* alſo declared their inclination to act with liberality. They conteſted the quantity of ground demanded; but this the Committee would, in all probability, have ſettled. *Mr Chalmers* alſo endeavoured to raiſe the value of his little niece's [illegible] it; but he did not like *juries*. In ſhort, he wiſhed, if he could, to have kept it, and taken the benefit of the improvements. This was only a repetition of the old and general argument, which Parliament would have finally adjuſted. They would have done ſo the more eaſily in this particular caſe, becauſe, by an act paſſed in the year 1753, one hundred and forty feet on both ſides of the river Leith, from the Bridge to Leith Mills, was, by that act, given for enlarging the harbour, and Mr Chalmers's ground was a part of that line. The act was not executed, becauſe the ſpace was found too narrow and circumſcribed. If narrow at that time, it was plain that reaſon and neceſſity, at this period, called for an enlargement. In ſhort, *quoad* the *Land-Owners*, the bill would have paſſed. An oppoſition, however, of a moſt extraordinary nature, appeared from a quarter altogether unexpected. The Magiſtrates and Town Council of Edinburgh had previouſly diſcuſſed with the Gentlemen of Leith all the items [illegible] port dues, and made ſeveral liberal conceſſions on that occaſion. Not only was the adjuſtment [illegible] ſe matters neceſſary, in the caſe of a new and extended harbour, but a diſagreeable law-plea in dependence in the Court of Seſſion, which kept parties, who ought to be connected, at a diſtance, and ſupported jealouſy and ill humour, was, by that ſettlement, preſumed to be happily removed. The Gentlemen to this agreement acted under the title of the *Traffickers of Leith*; but, to the aſtoniſhment of the Lord Provoſt, the members of the Committee, and every perſon preſent, a petition appeared in the name of certain of the very ſame perſons, for themſelves and others, under the title of *Shipmaſters*. They brought in all their law-plea; read the opinions of counſel, and inſiſted upon a number of articles, which were ſaid to be trifling, under the title of Flagage, Anchorage, Birthage, &c.

"It is an eſtabliſhed rule that Parliament ſeldom or never chuſes to determine a point depending between parties in a court of law. If the right be aſcertained, they will conſider how far it would be for the good of the public, that ſuch right ſhould be continued, or taken away. Here there was no determination in the Court below; and, what was worſe, the petitioners had not given their agents the leaſt diſcretionary power, but inſtructed them *to oppoſe in both Houſes*. Every body felt the conduct of the ſhipmaſters to be moſt illiberal, improper, and impolitic. It betrayed a ſpirit of litigiouſneſs, hoſtile to the public, and injurious to themſelves. It ſhowed a ſelfiſhneſs without ſenſe; and if in any caſe, the rule of Parliament could have been diſpenſed with, it would here have been done. Various propoſitions were made by Sir Adam Ferguſſon, chairman, Lord Frederick Campbell, and Lord Advocate, and Mr Dempſter, for accommodating this affair, by paſſing the bill conditionally; by making a reference to the law-plea, &c. &c. Mr Edington of Cramond, Mr Sibbald, Mr Sime, and other Gentlemen of Leith, declared their great concern for what the *Shipmaſters* had done; and that, were they in their room, they would have immediately withdrawn: Nay, they were aſſured, that theſe very ſhipmaſters would ſoon petition the city to go on with the bill.

"The Lord Provoſt thanked the Gentlemen for the zeal and concern which had been ſhown for the public good. A harbour for the capital of Scotland was an object of national magnitude, which he and his brethren had had for ſome time much at heart. They had laboured for it with zeal and attention; and, from univerſal approbation from the public, they had reaſon to think they were ſeconded in the meaſure. The oppoſition, however, which had appeared in this Houſe, from various quarters, afforded a proof far from being pleaſing, that no plan, however neceſſary as a national object, and however honourable to the country, could expect to be exempted, on theſe accounts, even from the contradiction of men who are to draw the immediate and local benefits. That, as to the previous oppoſition in this caſe, he had met it without emotion; but, by the appearance of the *Shipmaſters*, he owned he felt himſelf hurt, as, of any claſs of men, they were the laſt from whom it ought to have come. That this was the firſt harbour bill in Great Britain which had been brought in without aid being deſired from the public, or additional impoſitions laid upon the trade or ſhipping of the place. That he had therefore determined to obey the inſtructions of his brethren of the Town Council, which were, to have their *Bill entire, or not at all*; and that he ſhould certainly receive their thanks for declining all further concern with men who had, as it were deſignedly, laid a ſnare for the city, by pretending to tranſact in one character at home, and ſetting up an oppoſition in Parliament upon another. He concluded with deſiring that he might be allowed to withdraw that part of the bill concerning Leith and its harbour altogether.

"It is but juſtice to the Chairman, and the members of the Committee, to mention, that no buſineſs was ever better attended: That the plan gave general ſatisfaction to the members for Scotland; and that the Gentlemen ſeemed to feel the diſappointment of the public as their own.

"The city remains at perfect liberty both with reſpect to the *ſite* of the harbour, and the *dues* to be paid in it. Though the bill be withdrawn, ſo far as relates to the harbour, the expence and trouble attending it will, in the end, be found to be well beſtowed. In the mean time, the ſhipmaſters will get their fill of law below, and ſomething more to talk about above, when they come next to Parliament, than the trifles about which they have betrayed ſo much Jeſuitical folly.

"N. B. The bill it is expected will paſs as to all the other improvements of the city."

The Honourable Mrs Ogilvy of Clova was ſafely delivered of two daughters at Balnaboth, upon the 13th inſtant.

On the 15th current, the Surgeons of Edinburgh charter bill was reported by Sir Adam Ferguſſon to the Houſe of Commons, and, with the amendments made to it in the Committee, ordered to be ingroſſed.

Same day, the bill for extending the line of the Forth and Clyde Navigation paſſed the Houſe, and Sir Thomas Dundas was ordered to carry the ſame to the Lords and deſire their concurrence.

This day, the firſt regiment of Dragoon Guards was reviewed on Muſſelburgh Links, by his Excellency the Hon. Major General Leſlie. They went through their various evolutions, both on horſeback and foot, much to the ſatisfaction of the General, and a moſt reſpectable and numerous company of ſpectators.

Mr Lee-Lewes made his firſt appearance on this Stage, Saturday night, in the character of Sir John Falſtaff, and was received with univerſal burſts of applauſe in every ſcene. This Gentleman has long ſuſtained the principal parts in the Comic line of acting; and, from his performance on Saturday, no one can doubt of his being juſtly entitled to that pre-eminence.

The Magiſtrates have ſentenced one Rachel Ferguſon to be drummed through the city on Wedneſday ſe'ennight. This woman has had the addreſs, under pretence of buying muſlin in different ſhops of this city, of conveying away various pieces of that commodity, while the ſhopkeepers backs were turned, either in ſerving cuſtomers, or endeavouring to pleaſe her, which it was ſeldom in their power to do. Sometimes, indeed, ſhe condeſcended to buy a quarter of a yard.

The Lovely Peggy of Airth, Captain Dick, was driven aſhore on ſome rocks near Lumley Strand in Jutland, upon Sunday the 22d of April, about 12 leagues ſouth of the Skaw. One of her ſides was beat out, ſo that ſhe ſat down immediately, and lies covered with the water. The mate, who is come home, ſays, that there were four or five other veſſels much about the ſame time, put aſhore on the ſame coaſt.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

This day, the General Aſſembly agreed to take up the conſideration of the Overtures anent the ſale of patronage on Thurſday; and thoſe on the Form of Proceſs on Friday.

The caſe of Kilbarchan, which this day came before the Aſſembly, is ſhortly this: Upon the death of Mr Warner, the late miniſter of Kilbarchan, in March 1786, all the heritors of any conſequence immediately caſt their eyes upon Mr Patrick Maxwell, preacher of the goſpel, who had long reſided among them with the family of Milliken, as a perſon in every way qualified to ſerve the cure. Agreeable to their wiſh, and that of almoſt the whole pariſh, the truſtees of Mr Milliken of Milliken, the undoubted patron, granted a preſentation in Mr Maxwell's favour, which preſentation was laid before the Preſbytery of Paiſley at their meeting on the 2d of Auguſt 1786, with the proper certificates, and the preſentee's letter of acceptance, alſo a petition for a moderation of a call in Mr Maxwell's favour, ſigned by 20 heritors, the moſt conſiderable in the pariſh, by one elder, and by 19 reſpectable heads of families. Notwithſtanding the petition, the Preſbytery would not appoint a moderation, but ordained Mr Maxwell, although an ordained miniſter, to preach in the pariſh before the moderation. On the 6th of September, Mr Maxwell preached according to appointment; a new requiſition was made, and a committee was appointed for moderating in a call. The call was accordingly moderated, which was ſupported by heritors poſſeſſing 5688 l. of the valued rent of the pariſh, by all the elders, and by 55 heads of families. The valued rent of thoſe who oppoſed the call did not exceed 430 l. On the 4th of October the call was reported to the Preſbytery. At the ſame time, a petition was preſented by the heritors who poſſeſs the 430 l. and by a number of other perſons, ſtiling themſelves heads of families, praying that the Preſbytery would not ſuſtain the call, nor proceed to the ſettlement of the preſentee. The Preſbytery delayed judging in the call for three months, by a majority of votes. Their next meeting was not till the 31ſt of January. Two other letters of concurrence were then laid before the Preſbytery, and the agent for the patrons craved them to proceed to take the regular ſteps to ſettle the preſentee. The agent for the oppoſition, at ſame time, objected to the preſentation, contending, that the deceaſed Mr Milliken had ſigned a contract of marriage betwixt Col. Napier of Culcroich and Mrs Napier, by which he had conveyed the patronage to the heirs of the marriage; and further contended, that the preſenters acting only as truſtees upon the eſtate of Milliken, had no legal title to exerciſe the right of preſentation, when Captain Napier (the ſon of the marriage) was of age before the date of the preſentation; and craved incident diligence for recovery of ſaid contract. On the other hand, it was contended for the preſenters, that the Preſbytery having already decided on the preſentation, by proceeding to moderate in the call in the ordinary form had no power whatever to reconſider that matter. At any rate, as the oppoſers had not pretended to any right to the patronage, it was impoſſible they could be heard on the ſubject. The Preſbytery pronounced the following judgment: "Having conſidered the foregoing objections and anſwers, agreed to delay further procedure in this affair for *two* months; and granted incident diligence for recovery of the ſaid contract," &c. The Preſbytery met again on the 28th March, and were then required to proceed in judging of the call; but as only *eight weeks*, and not *two months*, had elapſed ſince their laſt meeting, they delayed the conſideration of the requiſition till their meeting on the laſt Wedneſday of April. On the 25th of that month, the Preſbytery met. The requeſt to proceed to judge of the call was renewed; and the agent for the oppoſition deſired to be heard on his objections to the preſentation. A new petition was received from the oppoſers, in which, after ſtating a variety of arguments, they contend, that as the truſtees have no proper right to the preſentation, it ſtill remains with the heir of Mr Milliken, and as that heir has not preſented within the ſix months allowed by law, the right of ſettling a paſtor *jure de voluto*, now belongs to the Preſbytery of Paiſley. The agent for the patrons argued in vain againſt this doctrine. A motion was made and ſeconded, "To reject the petition, or commence a proceſs of declarator; it carried, by a great majority, *Commence a proceſs of declarator*." Againſt this ſentence, the agent for the patrons, preſentee, and perſons concurring with the call, proteſted, and appealed to the General Aſſembly. Every miniſter of the Preſbytery preſent, including the Moderator, who left the Chair, diſſented, and proteſted for leave to complain, excepting Meſſ. Snodgraſs, Gillies, Findlay, and Burns. It was in this ſhape the cauſe came before the Aſſembly to-day. Being obliged to go to preſs at an early hour, the deciſion of this cauſe muſt be delayed till our next.

Saturday ſe'ennight, a very uncommon phenomenon happened, about 2 o'clock afternoon, in a bleachfield at the back of the Drygate, Glaſgow:—A great deal of linen clothes were lying bleaching, when all on a ſudden a violent whirlwind came ruſhing upon part of the field, and carried up a number of ſhirts quite out of ſight, which a multitude of people obſerved at ſome diſtance, and concluded they were balloons. The wind taking an eaſtern direction, number of people went in queſt of the ſhirts, and found them in a field beyond Shettleſtoun, about three miles from Glaſgow! The whirlwind alſo lifted two pair of blankets to a great height, but being wet, they dropt ſome hundred yards from the bleachfield. A woman ſtanding near the place where the linens were carried off, found an uncommon ſhock from the wind; but no bad conſequences followed, except that her fore-teeth were thereby looſened, and have been unfit for uſe ever ſince.—It is remarkable alſo, that the reſt of the clothes in the bleachfield, which were not carried off by the wind, were rendered black, being covered as with the aſhes of burnt paper, which ſurpriſed the ſpectators greatly, although the clothes were not thereby damaged.

The ſame day an unfortunate miſtake happened at ſaid bleachfield:—A few waſher-women agreed the night before to join for a dram of whiſkey, to be taken on Saturday morning, and one of them was employed to purchaſe and bring it along with her. Another waſher-woman overhearing them, watched their motions, and unfortunately finding a bottle lodged in a houſe adjoining the field with a liquid in it, concluded it was whiſkey, and put it to her mouth, but to her great ſurpriſe found it was oil of vitriol, which was to be uſed in bleaching. As ſoon as ſhe found her miſtake ſhe ſpat it out, and part of it falling on her clothes, burnt them to rags; but what is worſe, her tongue and mouth are burnt in a ſhocking manner, by which ſhe has been deprived of the uſe of ſpeech ever ſince.

State of the Thermometer ſince our laſt:

Saturday,	*May* 19. 8 o'clock,	P. M.	54
Sunday,	— 20. 8 —	A. M.	56
	8 —	P. M.	58
Monday,	— 21. 8 —	A. M.	57

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, May 19.

	First.	Second.	Third.
Wheat,	19 s. 0 d.	18 s. 0 d.	16 s. 0 d.
Barley,	18 6	17 9	16 6
Oats,	15 8	14 6	13 6
Peaſe,	16 0	15 0	00 0

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

May 6. Good Intent of Irvine, Sime, from Dublin, for Memel, in ballaſt.
Hawk of and from Saltcoats, Gammel, for ditto, ditto.
Cerus of and from Dundee, for Peterſburgh, in ditto.
Fanny of and from Dundee, Nill, for Riga, in ditto.
Swallow of and from Dublin, Brown, for Memel, ditto.
7. Induſtry of Leith, Findlay, from Limekills, for St Peterſburgh, with coals.
8. William of Shields, Taylor, from Memel, for Ayr.
Elſinore, May 8. 1787.—Wind Southerly.

WOOD AND HOWDEN.

ARRIVED AT LEITH,

May 19. Nancy and Jean, from Lynn, with grain.
21. ——, Ranſom, from Cromer, with ditto.
Hope, Barr, from Wiſbeach, with ditto.
Providence, Roſs, from Glaſgow, with goods.
Unity, Ayrſon, from Stockton, with cheeſe and grain.
Herring, Stelling, from ditto, with ditto.
James, Wiſhart, from Newcaſtle, with goods.
Generous Mind, Knight, from Dundee, with ditto.
Mally, Lawes, from Lynn, with grain.
Diligence, Memel, from Memel, with wood.
Five ſloops with coals.

SAILED,

Eliza, Gillies, for London, with ditto.
Livingſton, M'Kay, for London, with goods.
Liberty, Irving, for Kirkwall, with goods.
Dempſter, Cruickſhanks, for Norway, with ditto.

INDIA TEA WAREHOUSE,

Corner St Patrick's Square, Croſs-Cauſeway.

A. LIVINGSTON and CO. beg leave to inform their Friends and the Public, that they have purchaſed a very large aſſortment of Black and Green TEAS, much ſuperior in quality to any ever offered for ſale in this country, one of them having attended the purchaſing of them at the India Sales. The Teas from the March ſales being by much the fineſt ever ſold ſince the commencement of the commutation act, the Public, upon trial, will find their teas of the beſt qualities, and on the moſt moderate terms. Large diſcount to thoſe who take cheſts, or large quantities.

N. B. And at A. Livingſton's ſhop, oppoſite the Chapel of Eaſe, upon the ſame terms.

Notice to Creditors.

THE Creditors of the deceaſed JAMES FORREST Merchant in the Graſsmarket of Edinburgh, are deſired to meet in John's Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 23d inſtant, at one o'clock afternoon, when a ſtate of the defunct's affairs will be laid before them, and when the factor would wiſh to have the creditors directions as to the future management.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS AND FISHERIES,

In the Iſland of Iſlay, Argyleſhire.

THE Lands and Eſtate of SUNDERLAND, lying in the iſland of Iſlay, and county of Argyle, is to be expoſed to public judicial roup and ſale, by authority of the Court of Seſſion, within the Parliament or new Seſſion-houſe of Edinburgh, upon Wedneſday the 5th day of December next, betwixt the hours of five and ſeven afternoon.

The free rent of the eſtate, after all deductions, as proved in the courſe of the proceſs of ſale, is 303 l. 11 s. 10 d. 6-12ths Sterling; and the proven value, at which the ſame is to be expoſed to ſale is 7216 l. 10 s. 4 d. 3-12ths Sterling.

The eſtate conſiſts of the different farms of Sunderland, Sunderland Park, and Feorland, the lands of Coul, with the pendicle called *Machrie*, the lands of Coulerarach, and the very extenſive farm and graſing of Cladvill.

The lands are well known to be very extenſive, remarkable for yielding good crops and rearing black cattle of the beſt quality, beſides containing a ſtretch of coaſt particularly well calculated for the fiſheries. On the farm of Cladvill, which is well adapted for a village, is the famous fiſhing ſtation of Portnahaven; and there are two fiſhing-banks off the farm of Coul, as well as off Portnahaven, remarkable for the largeſt and beſt kind of cod. There were ſalt-pans erected at Portnahaven many years ago, which may be carried on with advantage.

There was alſo a good rabbet warren at Coul; and there is ſome natural wood upon Sunderland and Feorland, of conſiderable value in that part of the country. And there is promiſing appearance of a lead mine at Cladvill. Theſe ſeveral advantages, together with a ſituation ſo peculiarly calculated for the fiſheries, muſt ſatisfy every enquirer, that this property which has been hitherto in a ſtate of nature, is capable of very great and ſubſtantial improvement.

There has accordingly been a riſe of about 30 l. Sterling yearly to the rent, ſince the proof in the ſale was taken; ſo that the preſent free rent is 333 l. 11 s. 10 d. 3-12ths. The minds have been low valued many years ago, and are in a great meaſure exhauſted by the ſtipend payable to the miniſter, which is deducted from the above rental.

The articles and conditions of ſale will be ſeen in the office of Alexander Stevenſon, one of the depute-clerks of Seſſion, and clerk to the proceſs of ſale. The preſent tenants will ſhow the lands, and point out their boundaries. And any deſirous to be informed of further particulars may apply to John Macniel writer in Inveraray, factor on the eſtate, or to James Fraſer writer to the ſignet, agent in the ſale.

Newcastle upon Tyne Races,

To be RUN *for, on Monday the 18th day of June* 1787,

THE NOBLEMEN and GENTLEMEN's SWEEPSTAKES, for Colts and Fillies, four years old, for TWENTY GUINEAS each, play or pay; Colts to carry 8ſt. 7lb. Fillies 8ſt. 4lb. One four mile heat.

Duke of Hamilton and Brandon,	Mr Baker.
Lord A. Hamilton,	Mr Hudſon.
	Mr Alligood.

The NOBLEMEN and GENTLEMEN's Sweepſtakes for Colts and Fillies, three years old, one two-mile heat, for TWENTY GUINEAS each, play or pay; Colts to carry 8ſt. 3lb. Fillies 8ſt.

Duke of Hamilton and Brandon,	Mr Fenwick.
Mr Robertſon.	Mr Baker.
Mr Blackett.	Mr Burdon.

TUESDAY the 19th, his MAJESTY's ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS, by five year old horſes, &c. ten ſtone three-miles heats.

WEDNESDAY the 20th, the FREEMEN and INNKEEPERS SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, for four year olds, five year olds, ſix year olds, and aged horſes, that never won fifty pounds at one time, (matches excepted) four year olds to carry ſeven ſtone ten pounds, five year olds eight ſtone eight pounds, ſix year olds nine ſtone, and aged horſes nine ſtone two pounds, four-miles heats.

THURSDAY the 21ſt, the CORPORATION PURSE of FIFTY POUNDS, for three and four year olds that never won fifty pounds, (matches excepted) three year old colts to carry ſeven ſtone five pounds, and fillies ſeven ſtone two pounds; four year old colts eight ſtone ſeven pounds, and fillies eight ſtone four pounds, two-miles heats.

FRIDAY the 22d, the NOBLEMEN and GENTLEMEN's SUBSCRIPTION of FIFTY POUNDS, for four year olds, five year olds, ſix year olds, and aged horſes, &c. four year olds to carry ſeven ſtone ſeven pounds, five year olds eight ſtone, ſix year olds eight ſtone five pounds, and aged nine ſtone one pound.

N. B. The Winner of the King's Plate will not be allowed to ſtart for this Plate.

SATURDAY the 24th, the Stand Plate of FIFTY POUNDS is intended to be run for by the Beaten Horſes of the week; weight for age; three year olds to carry a feather; four year olds, ſeven ſtone twelve pounds; five year olds, eight ſtone ſeven pounds; ſix year olds, eight ſtone thirteen pounds; and aged horſes nine ſtone two pounds. To run three-mile heats; and to enter at Mr Brodie's ſtand on the Thurſday preceding, after the race, with liberty for the Beaten Horſes on Friday to enter on the Friday evening; to pay Two Guineas entrance, to go towards future diverſion.

Bridles and Saddles are included in all weights, and no allowance for waſte.

All horſes, &c. that ſhall run for his Majeſty's Purſe, and the other prizes, muſt be entered with proper certificates under the hands of the breeders, on Wedneſday the 13th of June, between the hours of ten and twelve in the forenoon, at the Guildhall, and are to enter, and run ſubject to articles.

If any diſpute ſhall ariſe, as to the entrance of running for his Majeſty's Purſe, the ſame to be determined by his Grace the Duke of Northumberland, or whom he ſhall appoint.

If only one horſe be entered for each prize, ſuch horſe, &c. to be entitled to the ſame for walking the race ground.

No perſon ſhall be allowed to ſet up a ſcaffold, tent, or hut upon the Town Muir, for retailing liquors; but ſuch, as ſhall ſubſcribe to the Freemen and Innkeepers Subſcription of Fifty Pounds; every Freeman paying for a ſcaffold half a guinea, and for a tent or hut five ſhillings; and every non-freeman for a ſcaffold one guinea, and for a tent or hut ten ſhillings, to the perſon appointed to collect the ſame, before ſuch ſcaffold, tent, or hut, is ſet up.

No ſcaffold, tent, or hut will be allowed to be ſet up on the Town Muir during the Races, but by Publicans reſiding in this town.

And every perſon who ſhall have a ſcaffold, tent, or hut, ſhall, within three days after the Races are over, level the ground where the ſame ſtood, or ſhall ever be excluded from having another.

The horſes, &c. that run for his Majeſty's Purſe are to ſtart at the old ſtarting poſt; and thoſe that run for all the reſt of the prizes are to ſtart at Hall's poſt.

The race ground is in very good order; and it is particularly deſired by the managers, that no perſon, either in carriages or on horſeback, go on the ſame.

JOHN BLACKETT, Eſq; } Stewards.
JAMES ALLGOOD, Eſq; }

A Long Main will be fought at Brodie's Pit, between William Fenwick, Eſq; (Richardſon feeder) and Anthony Hall, Eſq; (Sunley feeder) for Ten Guineas a battle, and Two Hundred the Main.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, May 18. 1787.

BY ORDER OF THE

Honourable the Commiſſioners of Exciſe,

ON Friday the 25th of May inſtant, there will be expoſed to ſale by public auction, in the Hall of the Exciſe-office, Edinburgh, at twelve o'clock noon,

Several parcels of Black Tea, Foreign Brandy, Cinnamon Waters, Aquavitæ, Aquavitæ Geneva, Foreign Red Wine, Starch, Candle, and Sope, with the materials of ſome ſmall Stills, lately condemned as forfeited, before his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace.

The goods to be ſeen, part in the Exciſe Warehouſe of Edinburgh, part in the Exciſe Warehouſe of Leith, on the day before, and morning of the day of ſale.

Notice to Creditors.

THE Truſtees for the Creditors of the deceaſed HUGH M'LEAN, writer in Glaſgow, having reſolved to divide the funds already recovered by them from the defunct's eſtate, hereby require all the Creditors to lodge their claims, ſpecifying the vouchers on which theſe claims are founded, with oaths to the verity thereof, in the hands of John Leckie, writer in Glaſgow, betwixt and the firſt day of June next, immediately after which time, a ſcheme of diviſion will be made out, and the funds recovered divided; hereby certifying all the Creditors who ſhall neglect to lodge their claims, and oaths of verity, within the ſaid time, that they will be cut off from receiving any ſhare of the dividend then to be made.

Sale of Lands in the county of Stirling.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Friday the 29th day of June next, to begin at one o'clock afternoon,

The Lands of TORWOOD; alſo theſe detached FARMS, called CRAWNEST, LOCHS, and BELLSDYKE, all lying in the pariſhes of Larbert and Airth, and county of Stirling.

The ſituation of Torwood is remarkably beautiful, commanding a delightful and moſt extenſive proſpect, and there are a great quantity of valuable trees of various kinds upon the lands. There is a part of the Torwood of conſiderable value, lying to the north of the road, leading from Falkirk to Stirling, which is held few of the proprietor of Torwood, and is now in non-entry, ſo that the purchaſer will be entitled to an entry from the vaſſal.—The ſoil of the other farms is extremely good, and their vicinity to Carron Works greatly encreaſes their value.

The lands of Torwood, and each of the farms, will be put up to roup ſeparately.

For farther particulars apply to John Dundas, clerk to the ſignet.

William Lewis, at the houſe of Canonhall, will ſhow the grounds.

AREAS TO BE SOLD.

By Order of the Truſtees for building a Bridge over the Cowgate of Edinburgh, &c.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Dean of Guild Court-houſe in Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 23d day of May 1787, at five o'clock afternoon,

THREE LOTS or AREAS for buildings on the weſt ſide of South Bridge Street, being Numbers XVIII, XIX, and XX.

LOT XVIII. Being the Corner Area on the ſouth ſide of the Cowgate, conſiſting of 44 feet in front along South Bridge Street, and 50 feet deep; with the ſtones and other materials of the new tenement fronting the Cowgate, which belonged to the Corporation of Wrights and Maſons.

LOT XIX.—Conſiſting of 42 feet in front along Bridge-Street, and 38 feet deep, immediately on the ſouth of Lot XVIII.; with the Stones, and other Materials of the low houſes or cellars on the ſouth ſide of the weſt end of the foreſaid tenement which belonged to the Wrights and Maſons.

LOT XX.—Being the Corner Area at Adam's Square, conſiſting of 44 feet in front along Bridge Street, adjoining to, and on the ſouth of Lot XIX, and 48 feet deep; with the Stones and other Materials of the tenement and vaults which belonged to Captain Lockhart, Miſs Crawford, and Robert Sinclair, Eſq.

N. B. The purchaſer of this lot will have a right to a ſervitude, that no buildings ſhall be erected on the ſouth, in Adam's Square, nearer than the ſtables which belonged to the Lord Preſident, Alexander Farquharſon, and George Buchan, Eſqrs.

The purchaſer of Lot XIX will have right to one of the arched vaults under the ſtreet, the length of the middle or croſs-wall. And *each* of the purchaſers of Lots XVIII and XX will have right to two of theſe vaults: they are 20 feet ſpan at the ſpring of the arch. And the purchaſer of Lot XVIII will have the benefit of three ſtoreys below the level of the Bridge, and ſhops entering from the Cowgate, nearly oppoſite to the great ſtreet be made from the High Street to the Cowgate.

The entry to the premiſſes to be on the 26th day of the ſaid month of May. The price to bear intereſt from Whitſunday 1788; and to be payable, the one half at Martinmas 1788, and the other half at Martinmas 1789.

There will alſo be SOLD, at the ſame time and place, in one lot, the STONES, and whole other Materials of the tenements and houſes on the eaſt ſide of Peebles Wynd, from the High Street, on the weſt ſide of the Tron Church; to the ſouth, as far as the north corner lot of Bridge Street, lately purchaſed by Francis Braidwood wright.

The conditions of ſale will be ſhown by John Gray writer to the ſignet; and a ground-plan and an elevation of the intended buildings will be ſhown by Robert Kay, ſurveyor to the Truſtees, at his houſe in Sandilland's cloſe.

N. B. No other areas for buildings will be ſold by the Truſtees, until the 11th of November 1787.

Areas and ruinous Houſes at Inverneſs

TO BE SOLD.

THERE is to be expoſed to public roup and SALE, by the Magiſtrates of Inverneſs, within the Court-houſe of Inverneſs, upon the 7th day of June next, betwixt the hours of eleven in the forenoon and one in the afternoon,

The Several AREAS, HOUSES, and TENEMENTS after mentioned, in conſequence of proceedings before the Dean of Guild, agreeable to the act of Parliament 1663.

CASTLE STREET OF INVERNESS.

LOT 1. The ruin of a large Kiln, lying upon the eaſt ſide of the upper end of the Caſtle Street, ſometime belonging to Macintoſh of Culclachy, and now to Mrs Ann Clark, ſpouſe to Robert Mann, merchant in Inverneſs.—Upſet price 12 l. Sterling.

2. A Rood upon the eaſt ſide of the Caſtle Street, ſometime belonging to John Macbain, ſheriff-clerk of Inverneſs, and now to his heirs.—Upſet price 4 l. Sterling.

3. The Houſes which belonged to the deceaſed Hugh Robertſon, merchant in Inverneſs, and now to George Shevizle merchant there, conſiſting of three roods, lying on the eaſt ſide of the Caſtle Street.—Upſet price 30 l. Sterling.

N. B. There is a garden included in this lot.

4. An Area lying upon the weſt ſide of the Caſtle Street, ſometime belonging to the ſaid John M'Bain, and now to his heirs.—Upſet price 6 l. Sterling.

EAST STREET.

5. One Particate or Half Rood, ſometime belonging to Frederick Fraſer, glover, lying on the ſouth ſide of the Eaſt Street—Upſet price 6 l. Sterling.

6. A Particate or Half Rood, lying on the ſouth ſide of the ſaid Eaſt Street, belonging to Deborah Macdonald, daughter of the deceaſed Donald Macdonald, meſſenger in Inverneſs.—Upſet price 20 l. Sterling.

7. An Area of Waſte Ground, ſometime belonging to the deceaſed William Mackay ſen. merchant in Inverneſs, being upon the ſouth ſide of the ſaid Eaſt Street, and to the weſt of the Vennal leading to the Colthill.—Upſet price 30 l. Sterling.

8. An Area lying on the eaſt ſide of the Meal-market, belonging to the Town of Inverneſs.—Upſet price 1 l. Sterling.

9. An Area lying on the weſt ſide of the Meal-market, and belonging to the Town.—Upſet price 2 l. Sterling.

CHURCH STREET.

10. An Area or piece of Waſte Ground, belonging to Marjory Mackintoſh, ſpouſe to Duncan Matheſon, maſon in Inverneſs, lying on the ſouth weſt ſide of the lower end of Church Street, oppoſite to the Chapple Yard.—Upſet price 10 s. Sterling.

11. An Area lying on the eaſt ſide of the ſaid Church Street, and oppoſite to the Highland Church, which belonged to Gordon of Ardoch, and now to his heirs.—Upſet price 1 l. 1 s. Sterling.

12. An Area belonging in property to the Kirk Seſſion of Inverneſs, lying cloſe by the gate of the Church-yard, on the weſt ſide of Church Street.—Upſet price 2 l. Sterling.

13. An Area, ſaid to be the Manſe of the firſt miniſter of Inverneſs, lying on the weſt ſide of the ſaid Church Street.—Upſet price 30 l. Sterling.

14. An Area, ſaid to be the property of Jean Bain, relict of the deceaſed Colin Spence, ſquare wright.—Upſet price 3 l. Sterling.

15. An Area lying on the eaſt ſide of the ſaid Church Street, ſaid to be ſecond Miniſter's or Vicar's Manſe.—Upſet price 10 l. Sterling.

16. An Area lying on the weſt ſide of the ſaid Street, belonging to Mr Munro of Teaninich.—Upſet price 4 l. Sterling.

17. An Area lying on the eaſt ſide of the ſaid Street belonging to the heirs of John Shaw, merchant in Inverneſs.—Upſet price 1 l. Sterling.

18. An Area belonging to Robert Anderſon, goldſmith, lying on the eaſt ſide of Church Street.—Upſet price 20 l. Sterling.

19. An Area lying on the weſt ſide of the river Neſs, and on the weſt ſide of the road leading from Inverneſs to the green of Muirtown, belonging to the deceaſed John Baillie, ſhoemaker in Inverneſs, and now to his ſon.—Upſet price 2 l. Sterling.

20. An Area lying on the weſt ſide of the Street, commonly called the Walk Miſl-lead, belonging to Helen Raat, daughter of James Raat, ſometime gardener in Inverneſs.—Upſet price 10 s. Sterling.

21. An Area lying on the eaſt ſide of the ſaid Street, ſometime belonging to James Houſton, merchant in Inverneſs, and now to his heirs.—Upſet price 1 l. Sterling.

The firſt of the above lots is held in feu of the Town of Inverneſs, for payment of 13 s. 4 d. Scots yearly, and the remaining lots appear to be held burgage.

The articles and conditions of roup, with the judicial proceedings, and act of roup, are to be ſeen in the town clerk's office.

A Brewery, &c. to be Sold or Let.

TO be SOLD, or LET, and entered to immediately, That BREWERY and Pertinents, conſiſting of a commodious Dwelling-houſe, Brew-houſe, large vaulted Cellars, built at a great expence, Malt-barn and Kiln, Coal-houſe, Hen-houſe, ſmall Garden adjoining thereto, with a Stable for two horſes, and Hay-loft; lying on the ſouth ſide of the Canongate, a little below the church, with a cart-entry from the ſtreet, and another from the back of the Canongate; and a ſervitude for preſerving the lights; all as poſſeſſed by the late Mr James Gentle, brewer.

The whole of theſe ſubjects were built by the ſaid James Gentle, are in good repair, and very convenient for an extenſive brewery, or may be changed into a linen or woollen manufactory, &c. The purchaſer can likewiſe be accommodated with every utenſil in the brewing line, all in complete order.

The ſubjects may be viewed any lawful day, from ten o'clock forenoon to two o'clock afternoon. The title-deeds, which are clear, are lodged with James Gentle writer, Smith's Land, Edinburgh, to whom thoſe intending to purchaſe or rent the premiſſes will apply.

N. B. Thoſe who ſtand indebted to the late Mr Gentle, will pleaſe order payment to the ſaid James Gentle writer, who has power to diſcharge the ſame; and ſuch perſons as have claims againſt the deceaſed, will alſo pleaſe ſend notes of their claims.

Sale of Lands in Roxburgh-ſhire.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouſe in Edinburgh, on Friday the 15th day of June 1787, betwixt the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

THE Lands and Eſtate of CHESTERS, lying in the pariſhes of Ancrum, Jedburgh, and Bedrule, and ſhire of Roxburgh, meaſuring about a thouſand Engliſh acres, and rented at 365 l. ſterling.

Theſe lands hold of the Crown, and ſtand rated in the ceſs-books of the county at 965 l. Scots.—They are ſituated upon the banks of the Tiviot, about half way betwixt Kelſo and Hawick, and are capable of great improvement, being moſtly arable, and in their natural ſtate. The whole are under ſhort leaſes, expiring at Whitſunday 1791, at which time a conſiderable advance of rent may be expected, as the greateſt part of the eſtate was let at a very unfavourable period, and much under the former rent.

William Turnbull, tenant in Craig, near Cheſters, will ſhow the grounds; and for further particulars, apply to the proprietor at Jedburgh, or William Balderſton, writer to the ſignet, in whoſe hands the rantal, title-deeds, and articles of ſale, may be ſeen.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, on Wedneſday the 11th July 1787, between the hours of five and ſix o'clock afternoon,

Thoſe Parts of the Lands and Barony

of MOUNIE, called *Pitblain, Newcraig, Pittinnon, Whitemyre,* and *Greenford,* lying within two miles of Old Meldrum, in the pariſh of Daviot, and ſhire of Aberdeen.—Theſe lands lie contiguous, and contain from one thouſand to twelve hundred Scots acres, all arable, beſides moſs, with which they are uncommonly well ſupplied. The preſent rent is about 260 l. Sterling, excluſive of a thriving plantation, of near ſeven acres extent.

The lands hold of the Crown; and, as much of the ſuperiority will be given along with them as will entitle the purchaſer to a vote in the county.

The articles of roup and title-deeds, with a rental, plan and meaſurement, will be ſeen in the hands of John Macnab writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh, who will alſo inform as to other particulars; and the lands will be ſhewn by George Johnſton in Little Pitinnon.

Lands in Aberdeenſhire.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, on Friday the 10th day of Auguſt, in the New Inn of Aberdeen at five o'clock afternoon,

The Lands and Eſtates of PREMNAY and LIKLYHEAD, in the pariſh of Premnay and ſhire of Aberdeen, all holding of the Crown, and whereof the free yearly rent, converting the victual at only 10 s. per boll is 800 l. 1 s. 5 d. Sterling. They lie contiguous, in the heart of a pleaſant and populous country, where there is plenty of game, and a trouting river.

The lands are of great extent, and remarkably well accommodated with inexhauſtible moſs, and abundance of paſture. The climate is early, the ſoil naturally as rich, ſtrong, and ſubſtantial as any in the county of Aberdeen; and the fields, which are beautiful, are now all under a regular courſe of infield culture and management. The farm-houſes are in general in good condition, and ſome of them covered with ſlate. There is a complete right to the teinds, which are alſo valued, and the miniſter's ſtipend was lately augmented. All the marches are clear.

This valuable property will be expoſed either altogether at 18,000 l. Sterling, or in the two following lots, viz.—1. The Mains and Manor-place of Liklyhead, the Lands of Auchleven, Millbiggen, Clayford, Dikenook, Kirkford, Broadford, Burnend, Redrig, Weſtbiggen, and part of Newton of Premnay, with the mill of Barns and multures, whereof the free rent is 294 l. 16 s. 10 d. Sterling. Each of theſe lots affords a freehold qualification in the county. Upon Lot I. there is wood to the value of above 700 l. Sterling; and this lot will be ſet up at 11,615 l. Sterling.

The whole eſtate of Overhall is aſtricted to the mill of Barns in Lot II.; and the upſet-price of this lot is to be 6785 l. Sterling.

The articles of roup, rentals, and title-deeds, which are unexceptionable, will be ſhown by John Gordon, Eſq; of Craig, or George Moir, Eſq; of Scottſtown, at Aberdeen; and copies of the rentals and articles by Andrew Stuart junior, writer to the ſignet at Edinburgh. Mr Gordon, at the houſe of Liklyhead will ſhow the lands.

FARMS TO LET.

TO be LET upon Graſſums, and for ſuch term of years as ſhall be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitſunday 1788, the following FARMS, all lying in the county of Peebles, viz.

Pariſh of STOBO.

Farms.	*Poſſeſſors.*	*Rent.*
EASTER HAPPREW,	James Gibſon,	L. 131 0 0
WESTER HAPPREW,	John Alexander,	158 0 0
Pariſh of NEWLANDS.		
NETHER DROCHIL,	Thomas Hall,	78 0 0
OVER DROCHIL,	Robert Symington,	43 0 0
WHITESIDE,	James Murray,	109 0 0
FLEMINGTON MILL,	James Murray,	90 0 0
Pariſh of PEEBLES.		
EDSTON,	Alex. Horſburgh and John Salton,	149 0 0
JEDDERFIELD,	David Grieve,	18 4 0
Pariſh of LYNE.		
LYNE and HALLYNE,	Alexander Gray,	94 4 2
HAMILDEAN,	Alexander Gray,	71 5 0

N. B. The three laſt mentioned farms may be entered to at Whitſunday firſt 1787.

Such perſons as incline to become tackſmen of any of the above farms, will pleaſe give in their propoſals to John Tait, writer to the ſignet, Park Place, Edinburgh; and none of the offers will be made public, excepting ſuch as ſhall be accepted of.

N. B. The farms will be ſhown by John Hunter in Peebles, baron-officer of the eſtates.

The Eſtate of Old Montroſe.

TO be SOLD by public auction, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouſe, Edinburgh, upon Tueſday the 3d day of July next, between the hours of five and ſix afternoon,

The LANDS and BARONY of OLD MONTROSE, The Lands of MARYTOWN, BONNITOWN and FULLERTOWN, and others, all lying in the pariſh of Marytown, and ſhire of Forfar.

The free rental of this eſtate is 1107 l. including the farms in the proprietor's natural poſſeſſion; valued rent, holding of the Crown, about 2400 l. Scots. The greateſt part of the eſtate has been under leaſes for a long period, and ſeveral of them a good many years ſtill to run. At preſent the rents are not one half of the real worth.

A great deal has been done on this eſtate, both uſeful and ornamental. The plantations are thriving, and ſufficiently advanced for beauty and ſhelter, and the river of Southeſk is navigable to the houſe.

Mr Hercules Mill will ſhow the lands; and the purchaſer may have immediate acceſs to the houſe, policy, and farm in the proprietor's poſſeſſion; and the rental, progreſs of writs, and conditions of ſale are in the hands of James Rutherford, writer to the ſignet, who has alſo power to treat for a private ſale.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Wedneſday the 30th day of May 1787, within the Tontine Tavern in Glaſgow, between the hours of one and three afternoon,

THE Lands and Barony of Barrowfield,

with the lands of Camlachie, Gateſide, Selkrig's Acres, and ſome boroughlands adjoining to them, all lying contiguous, in the immediate vicinity of the city of Glaſgow, and in the Barony pariſh of Glaſgow, and county of Lanark. The groſs rent for 1787 (including 110 l. per annum of coal-lordſhip) is — L. 1236 10 2½
Deduct public burdens, — — 58 17 6

Nett Rent, L. 1177 12 8½

The upſet price of the whole, in one lot, will be 24,400 l. which is not quite twenty-two and an half years purchaſe of the rent and feu-duties, and only four years purchaſe for the coal-lordſhip.

The Barony of Barrowfield holds of the Crown, and is valued in the ceſs-books of the county at 975 l. Scots.—There is upon the eſtate a good MANSION HOUSE, with proper offices, and a large garden incloſed with a high ſtone wall, and well ſtocked with fruit trees, of which a purchaſer can get poſſeſſion at Whitſunday 1788, and of twenty acres of land contiguous to the houſe at Martinmas 1787.—If no purchaſer appear for the whole eſtate, it will be ſet up in the following lots:

LOT I. The houſe, garden, and ſundry fields round them, — — L. 162 10 0
Which will be ſet up at 3725 l.
LOT II. Camlachie Parks, Gateſide, Mill and Mill lands, and Feus of Camlachie, — — — 377 0 0
Which will be ſet up at 3700 l.
LOT III. Crown Point houſes and garden, Monntain Blue, Ford Neuck, Back of Barrowfield, and Stabtree, — 167 15 0
Which will be ſet up at 3535 l.
LOT IV. Clydeſide, Gooſefauld, and Feus of Bridgetown, — — 265 2 0
Which will be ſet up at 6000 l.
LOT V. Broomward, and part of New Feus of Calton, — — 195 7 8
Which will be ſet up at 4000 l.
LOT VI. Old Feus of Calton, and remainder of New Feus of Calton, 158 16 4
Which will be ſet up at 3250 l.
LOT VII. Coal-Lordſhip - - 110 0 0
Which will be ſet up at 440 l.

The public burdens will be divided and proportioned upon the different lots, according to their reſpective rents.

The rental of this eſtate is yearly increaſing, by feuing out the lands neareſt to Glaſgow for building upon, for which there is at preſent a great demand, and the rent for 1787 has by that means, increaſed 21 l. 8 s. 6 d. above what it was in 1786.

The lots will be altered, enlarged, or diminiſhed, as perſons intending to purchaſe may deſire, and a freehold qualification will be preſerved for lot No. 1.

For particulars, apply to the proprietor at Glaſgow, in whoſe hands the rental, progreſs of writs, and a plan of the eſtate are to be ſeen; or to Laurence Hill, writer to the ſignet, Edinburgh; or Alexander Robertſon, writer in Glaſgow—any of whom will ſhew the rental.

☞ Perſons deſirous to purchaſe by private bargain, may apply to the proprietor.

CONSOLATION

For thoſe in any degree afflicted with the SCURVY, &c.

BEING a ſhort Abſtract from a few of the Caſes publiſhed by Mr HAYMAN, of Great Marlborough-Street, London, viz. "Cure of the piles; recently performed by a few Bottles of his MARGDANT's DROPS, on Mr Harvey, a reſpectable ſhip-builder, of Poole, Dorſet."—"Cure of the ſcurvy, attended with an alarming ulcer over the left eye; performed on Captain Rogers; certified by Meſſ. A. Browne and Son, Briſtol."—"Cure of a cancerous knee, attended with twelve running ſores; performed on the daughter of Mr D. Welſh, of Cumnock, Ayrſhire; certified by her father."—"Cure of a fiſtulous diſorder, which frequently diſcharged ſo profuſely as to reduce the patient to the moſt feeble ſtate; performed on Mr George Muirhead, of Collington, near Edinburgh; corroborated by Meſſ. Huſband, Elder, and Co. of that city."—"Cure of a ſcorbutic diſorder, which had confined the patient to her apartment twelve months; performed on a lady at Peterborough; certified by Mr J. L. Jacob of that city."—"Cure, exemplifying the excellency of theſe drops in correcting a coagulated ſtate of the blood; certified by Mr J. Gander, of Sherborne, Dorſet: ſix bottles having perfectly relieved Mr Henry Warren, of Chenole, near that place, though deprived of the uſe of his limbs."—"Cure of univerſal boils and bliſters, which tormented the patient ſeveral years, and which no medicine he before had recourſe to could diminiſh; performed on Mr Banan, of King's Street, St James's Square."—"Cure of an ichorous ſcorbutic humour, which many years interrupted the patient's reſt, [illegible] and diſcharged a profuſe and corroſive matter; performed on Mr Cogan, of Tallow-Chandler's Hall, London."—"Cure of ulcerated legs; performed on Mrs Oſmond, of Bayſton, and certified by D. Barrett and Co. druggiſts, at Wincanton, Somerſet."—"Cure of a ſcorbutic diſorder of ſeveral years ſtanding, where a mortification was hourly expected; performed on Mr Dennis, of Cavendiſh, Suffolk, whoſe caſe was ſo well known, as to occaſion a general reſort of medicine in that and the adjacent counties, where its virtues were repeatedly teſtified."

For a fuller account, ſee a Treatiſe delivered with the Drops, in which Mr Hayman has introduced ample directions to his patients; and to protect them againſt counterfeits, he has obtained from *the Honourable Commiſſioners* permiſſion to have his name and reſidence, viz. "*I. HAYMAN, Marlbro'-ſtreet,*" engraved in the Government label, denominating the duty on each bottle, printed at the Stamp-Office, by order of the Commiſſioners, to ſecure his property, and the health of the afflicted, againſt counterfeits; and thus labelled, they are ſold price 5 s. 5 d. the bottle, at Mr Hayman's houſe, and by Meſſ. HUSBAND, ELDER, and CO. Edinburgh; Mr A. M'Donald, Glaſgow; Meſſ. Morriſon and Son, Perth; Mr R. Gordon, Aberdeen; Mr A. Wylie, Dumfries; and by ſome licenſed Vender of Prepared Medicines in every town in Great Britain.

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